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# NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

## TECHNICAL NOTE

No. 974

BEARING STRENGTHS OF 758-T ALUMINUM-ALLOY SHEET

AND EXTRUDED ANGLE

By C. Wescoat and R. L. Moore Aluminum Company of America



Washington February 1945

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#### INTRODUCTION AND OBJECT

Several reports have been issued covering the bearing properties of the wrought aluminum alloys commonly used in aircraft construction (reference 1). The development of the new high-strength alloy 75S-T has made bearing tests of this material desirable.

The object of this investigation was to determine the bearing yield and ultimate strengths of 75S-T alloy in the form of sheet, in both with- and across-grain directions, and extruded angle in the longitudinal direction. Ratios of bearing to tensilé properties were also determined.

It should be emphasized that the sheet used in this investigation was nonclad sheet. Previous investigations have indicated, however, that ratios of bearing properties to tensile properties established for nonclad sheet are equally applicable to alclad sheet.

### PROCEDURE AND MATERIAL

The procedure followed in these bearing strength determinations was the same as described in the earlier reports for the single-thickness type specimens (reference 1). A photograph of the test setup is shown in figure 1. The sheet specimens were 2-inch-wide strips of 0.064-inch sheet, loaded in bearing on a 1/4-inch diameter steel pin. The angle specimens were machined from one leg of a 1/4-inch thick extruded angle (Die No. 28265) and were 2 inches wide by 1/4 inch thick, loaded on a 1/2-inch diameter steel pin.

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These specimen propertions were found to be satisfactory in previous tests of this type. Measurements of hole elongation were made with a filar micrometer microscope. Tests were made in triplicate for edge distances of 1.5, 2, and 4 times the pin diameter.

The tensile properties of the sheet and extruded angle are shown in table I. These values are within the range considered typical for 755-T alloy in these forms.

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The individual bearing test results are shown in table II. The bearing yield strength values were obtained from the bearing stress-hole elongation curves shown in figures 2 to 4, using an offset from the initial straight line portion of the curves equal to 2 percent of the pin diameter. Indicated also in table II are the types of failures obtained. Failures by shear and tension in the margin above the pin were predominant for edge distances of 1.5 and 2 diameters for both sheet and extruded material. For edge distances of 4 diameters, failures occurred by bearing or crushing the metal above the pin.

Ratios of average bearing to tensile properties are shown in table III. Since the bearing properties for the sheet did not show marked directional characteristics, the percentage differences in ratios of bearing yield to tensile yield strength for the two directions are of about the same magnitude as the differences in tensile yield strengths given in table I. The ratios for the 75S-T sheet are in good agreement with those previously obtained for other high strength aluminum alloys in the plain and alclad forms, as shown in table IV. The ratios for the extruded angle, however, are appreciably lower than obtained for other alloys in the form of thin extrusions. Additional tests are obviously needed to indicate bearing values for thicker 75S-T extrusions.

#### CONCLUSIONS

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The results of this investigation of the bearing properties of 755-T bare sheet (0.064 in.) and 755-T extruded angle

(1/4 in. thick) are believed to justify the following conclusions:

- 1. Since the tensile properties of the materials used were within expected limits for 75S-T, the bearing strength ratios presented may be considered representative for commercial material.
- 2. As indicated in table II, the bearing properties of 75S-T sheet do not show significant directional characteristics. The differences in ratios of bearing yield to tensile yield strength shown in table III for the with— and cross-grain directions reflect differences in tensile yield strength rather than differences in bearing properties.
- 3. The ratios of bearing to tensile properties shown in table IV for the 755-T sheet are in good agreement with the ratios previously reported for other high strength aluminum alloys in both bare and alclad forms. The ratios of the present tests may be considered applicable, therefore, to alclad as well as to bare 755-T sheet. The ratios for the 755-T extruded angle are approximately 16 percent less than obtained for the 755-T sheet. Additional tests of thicker extrusions are needed.
- 4. The following nominal ratios of bearing to tensile properties are proposed for the material tested.

	Edge distance =							
••	$1.5 \times pin$	diameter	2 or more x	pin diameter				
Material	<u>BS</u> TS	BYS TYS	<u>BS</u> TS	BYS TYS				
755-I sheet (W)	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.6				
1/4-in. 758-T extruded angle	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.4				

The above ratios for sheet are applicable to with-grain tensile properties only and are the same as recently proposed for the other high strength aluminum alloys in the form of sheet. The ratios for the extruded angle should be limited

to thicknesses of material of approximately 1/4 inch until the bearing strength of other thicknesses can be investigated:

Aluminum Research Laboratories,
Aluminum Company of America,
New Kensington, Pa., June 9, 1944.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Moore, R. L., and Wescoat, C.: Bearing Strengths of Some Wrought-Aluminum Alloys. NACA TN No. 901, 1943.
  - Moore, R. L., and Wescoat, C.: Bearing Strongths of Bare and Alclad XA75S-T and 24S-T81 Aluminum Alloy Sheet. NACA TN No. 920. 1943.

TABLE I
TENSILE PROPERTIES OF 75S-T SHEET (0.064 IN.) AND EXTRUDED ANGLE (1/4-IN. THICK) USED FOR BEARING TESTS

Material	Specimen Direction*	Ultimate Strength, psi	Yield Strength (0.2% Offset), psi	Rlongation in 2 in., per sent
Sheet	With-Grain (W)	80 600	70 500	14.0
Sheet	Across-Grain (I)	80 000	<b>66 4</b> 00	13.7
Extrusion	Longitudinal (L)	91 600	82 800	10.0

<sup>\*</sup> Standard tension test specimens for sheet metals - Fig. 2 of Standard Methods of Tension Testing of Metallic Materials (E8-42), 1942 Book of A.S.T.M. Standards, Part I, p. 898.

TABLE II

BEARING STRENGTES OF 758-T SHEET (0.064 IN.) AND EXTRUDED ANGLE (1/4 IN. THICK)

		Bearing Strength, psi								
Material	Test No.	Edge Dis 1.5 x Pin Ultimate	tance = Diameter Yield*	Type of Failure**	Edge Dis 2 I Pin Ultimate	Diameter	Type of Failure**	Idge Dis 4 x Pin Ultimate	Diameter	Type of Failure**
Sheet (W)	l 2 3 Avg	133 300 133 900 128 800 132 000	101 500 105 500 102 000 103 000	ದಾದಾ	160 000 166 600 165 200 163 900	117 500 117 500 117 000 117 300	ದಾದಾದ	184 700 178 100 181 300 181 400	124 000 124 000 123 500 123 800	B
Sheet (I)	1 2 3 Avg	129 800 130 800 128 000 129 500	101 500 103 000 102 000 102 500	ජනතා	167 800 157 800 166 900 164 200	114 000 115 500 116 500 116 300	03A20	177 000 189 300 195 900 187 400	124 000 124 000 121 500 123 200	B B B
Extrusion (L)	1 2 3 Avg	122 600 123 800 123 500 123 300	106 000 106 200 104 500 105 500	202020	160 800 152 500 151 300 154 900	123 000 112 000 114 000 119 600	ಭಾರಾ	179 300 169 400 174 800 174 500	118 000 117 000 118 000 117 600	BBB

Tests of sheet on 1/4-in. diameter steel pin (D/t = 4). Tests of extruded angle on 1/2-in. diameter steel pin (D/t = 2). All specimens 2 in. wide.

<sup>\*</sup> Stress corresponding to offset of 2 per cent of hole diameter from initial straight line portion of bearing stress - hole elongation curves shown in Figs. 2 to 4 (0.005 in. offset for 1/4-in. pin; 0.010 offset for 1/2-in. pin).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Type of failure: (B) - Bearing or crushing, (S) - Shear and tension.

TABLE III RATIOS OF AVERAGE BEARING TO TENSILE STRENGTH FOR 75S-T SHEET (0.064 IN.) AND EXTRUDED ANGLE (1/4 IN. THICK)

	Rige Distance -							
	1.5 x Pin Diameter		2.0 x Pi	n Diameter	4.0 x Pin Diameter			
Material	BS TS	BYS TYS	BS TS	BYS TYS	BS TS	BYS TYS		
Sheet (W)	1.63	1.46	2.03	1.66	2.25	1.76		
Sheet (X)	1.62	1.54	2.05	1.74	2.34	1.86		
Extrusion (L)	1.35	1.27	1.69	1.44	1.91	1.42		

Bearing tests of sheet on 1/4-in. diameter steel pin (D/t = 4) Bearing tests of angle on 1/2-in. diameter steel pin (D/t = 2) All specimens 2 in. wide.

BS = Bearing Strength BYS = Bearing Yield Strength (Offset = 0.02 x pin diameter) TS = Tensile Strength TYS = Tensile Yield Strength (Offset = 0.2 per cent)

COMPARISON OF RATIOS OF BEARING TO TENSILE STRENGTH FOR VARIOUS WROUGHT ALUMINUM ALLOYS

Alloy		Edge Distance -						
	Reference	1.5 x BS TS	Pin Diameter BYS TYS	2.0 x Pi	n Diameter   BYS   TYS	4.0 x P BS TS	in Diameter BYS TYS	
			0.064-in- Shee	ţ				
24S-T (W) Alc.24S-T (W) 24S-RT (W)	12-43-7 12-43-7 12-43-7	1.52 1.53 1.45	1.41 1.37 1.40	1.98 2.00 1.83	1.64 1.56 1.54	2.37 2.35 2.32	1.80 1.70 1.71	
IA75S-T (W) Alc.IA75S-T (W) 24S-T81 (W) Alc.24S-T81 (W)	12-43-19 12-43-19 12-43-19 12-43-19	1.72 1.62 1.45 1.54	1.51 1.42 1.42 1.46	2.23 2.08 1.97 2.06	1.71 1.61 1.59 1.61	2.61 2.35 2.39 2.48	1.79 1.71 1.62 1.65	
758-T (W) 758-T (X)	Present tests Present tests	1.63 1.62	1.46 1.54	2.03 2.05	1.66 1.74	2.25 2.34	1.76 1.86	
			Extrusions					
24S-T(.070 in. thick)	12-43-7	1.54	1.42	1.91	1.69	2.45	1.89	
24S-T(3-3/4 in. thick)	P.T. 42-65	1.18	1.23	1.54	1-44	2 <b>.0</b> 8	1.60	
75S-T (1/4 in. thick)	Present tests	1.35	1.27	1.69	1.44	1.91	1.42	

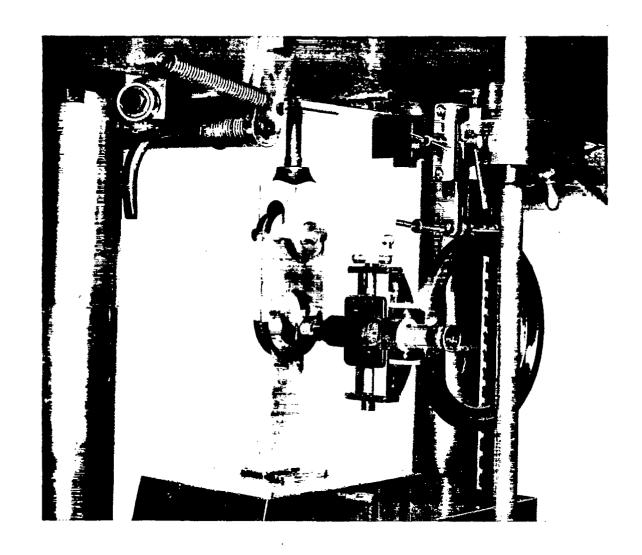


Figure 1.— Arrangement for bearing tests using Filar microscope for measurements of hole elongation.



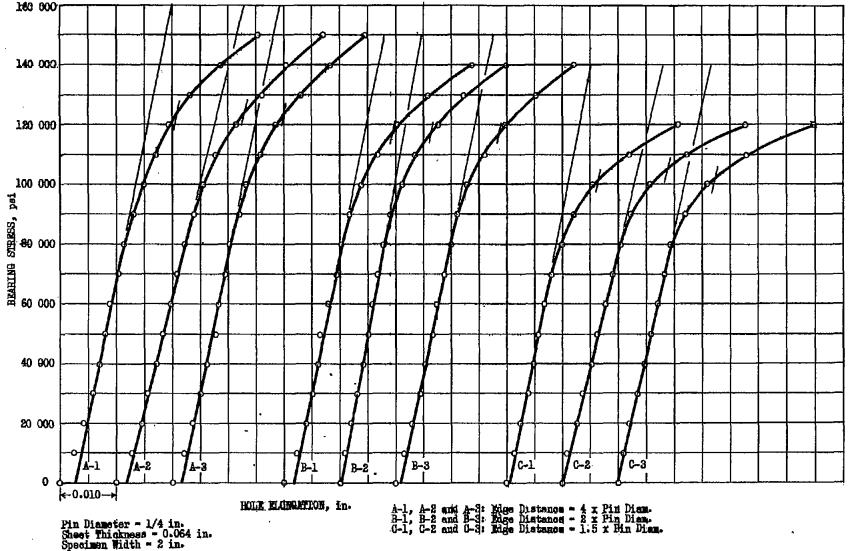


Figure 2.- Bearing stress-hole elongation curves for aluminum alloy sheet, 75S-T (W grain).

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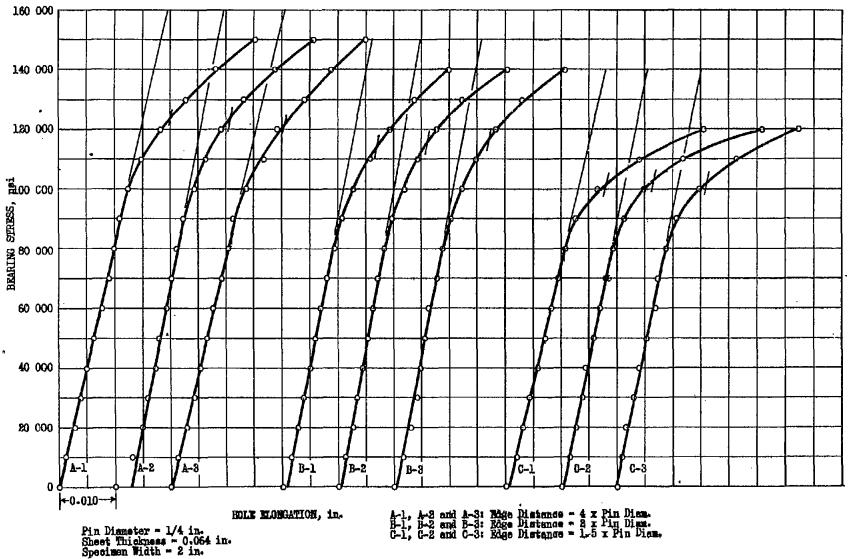
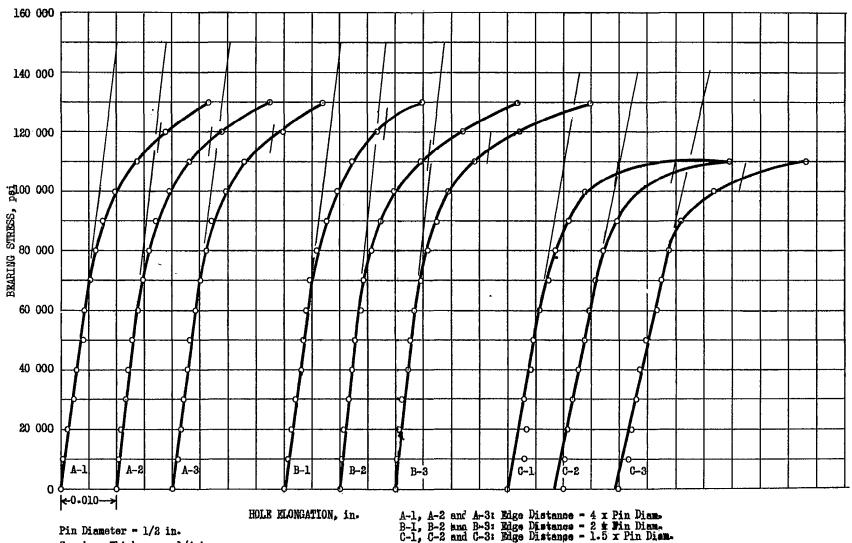


Figure 3.- Bearing stress-hole elongation curves for aluminum alloy sheet, 752-T (X grain).

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Specimen Thickness = d/4 in-Specimen Width = 2 in-

Figure 4.- Bearing stress-hole elongation curves for aluminum alloy extruded angle, 75S-T.